Year 4 Virtual Learning Activities



Year 4's daily virtual learning menu

Each day you need to:

- 1. Read for at least 30 minutes
- 2. English task (this will be shared daily on the website)
- 3. Maths task (this will be shared daily on the website)
- 4. Spellings

Use your spelling strategies to practise 10 spellings each day
When you have learnt to spell all of the words, write 10 each day in
sentences to show that you understand their meanings

In addition to your daily learning, you need to do at least one additional task each day:

 Complete a topic linked task (see list of suggested activities)

Or

Set yourself (and practise) a personal challenge

e.g. learn to tie your shoe laces, practise a new skill (e.g. sewing) or help to cook a dish. Go on a website to further your learning

<u>E.g.</u>

- Bitesize
- www.ictgames.com
- Daily 10 (https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/daily10)
- www.topmarks.co.uk (a range of ideas available for KSI and KS2)
 www.hourofcode.co.uk (computing coding activities)

<u>Spelling Lists</u>



Year 3 and 4 Word list

accident	caught	eighth	heard	minute	possible	strange
accidentally	centre	enough	heart	natural	potatoes	strength
actual	century	exercise	height	naughty	pressure	suppose
actually	certain	experience	history	notice	probably	surprise
address	circle	experiment	imagine	occasion	promise	therefore
answer	complete	extreme	increase	occasionally	purpose	though
appear	consider	famous	important	often	quarter	although
arrive	continue	favourite	interest	opposite	question	thought
believe	decide	February	island	ordinary	recent	through
bicycle	describe	forward	knowledge	particular	regular	various
breath	different	forwards	learn	peculiar	reign	weight
breathe	difficult	fruit	length	perhaps	remember	woman
build	disappear	grammar	library	popular	sentence	women
busy	early	group	material	position	separate	
business	earth	guard	medicine	possess	special	
calendar	eight	guide	mention	possession	straight	

Year 5 and 6 Word List

accommodate	category	determined	forty	marvellous	programme	soldier
accompany	cemetery	develop	frequently	mischievous	pronunciation	stomach
according	committee	dictionary	government	muscle	queue	sufficient
achieve	communicate	disastrous	guarantee	necessary	recognise	suggest
aggressive	community	embarrass	harass	neighbour	recommend	symbol
amateur	competition	environment	hindrance	nuisance	relevant	system
ancient	conscience	equipment	identity	оссиру	restaurant	temperature
apparent	conscious	equipped	immediate	occur	rhyme	thorough
appreciate	controversy	especially	immediately	opportunity	rhythm	twelfth
attached	convenience	exaggerate	individual	parliament	sacrifice	variety
available	correspond	excellent	interfere	persuade	secretary	vegetable
average	criticise	existence	interrupt	physical	shoulder	vehicle
awkward	curiosity	explanation	language	prejudice	signature	yacht
bargain	definite	familiar	leisure	privilege	sincere	
bruise	desperate	foreign	lightning	profession	sincerely	

200 High Frequency Words

water	bear	find	these	live
away	can't	more	began	say
good	again	РU	boy	soon
want	cat	round	animals	night
over	long	tree	never	narrator
how	things	magic	next	small
did	new	shouted	first	car
man	after	us	work	couldn't
going	wanted	other	lots	three
where	eat	food	need	head
would	everyone	fox	that's	king
or	our	through	baby	town
took	two	way	fish	ľve
school	has	been	gave	around
think	yes	stop	mouse	every
home	play	must	something	garden
who	take	red	bed	fast
didn't	thought	door	may	only
ran	dog	right	still	many
know	well	sea	found	laughed

let's	fun	any	better	lived
much	place	under	hot	birds
suddenly	mother	hat	sun	duck
told	sat	snow	across	horse
another	boat	air	gone	rabbit
great	window	trees	hard	white
why	sleep	bad	floppy	coming
cried	feet	tea	really	he's
keep	morning	top	wind	river
room.	queen	eyes	wish	liked
last	each	fell	eggs	giant
jumped	book	friends	once	looks
because	its	box	please	use
even.	green	dark	thing	along
am.	different	grandad	stopped	plants
before	let	there's	ever	dragon
gran	girl	looking	miss	pulled
clothes	which	end	most	we're
tell	inside	than	cold	fly
key	run	best	park	grow

Topic based activities WWII



Family Memories

Speak to adults at home, or phone / email relatives who live elsewhere.

Were any of your relatives alive during World War II? How old were they? What can they remember?

Create a diary extract about one of their key memories.

Away from Home

Write a postcard home to your family telling them about your time as an evacuee. How would you have felt to be away from your parents?

Entertainment

Write an advert to persuade someone to listen to a song from World War II. What makes this a good song? Which instruments were played?

Write instructions to explain how to play a World War II game. How did you win?

Create a fact file about the toys that children played with during World War II.



The Royal Air Force

Find out about the aeroplanes that were used by the Royal Air Force during World War II.

You could:

draw a picture or a labelled diagram of an aircraft / create a fact file about the aircraft / build a model of an aircraft

World War II Vocabulary Glossary

As you learn about World War II, keep a note of any unusual vocabulary. Find out what these words mean and create a glossary.

Fact Files

Research an aspect of World War II that you find interesting.

Choose how you will present your work - as a leaflet, as a nonchronological report, as a PowerPoint presentation - or in another way.

You could research:

evacuees / rationing / schools / life at home in Britain during World War II / how women helped during World War II / any other topic about World War II that interests you

Food During World War II

Find out which foods were rationed during World War II. When did rationing start? Did rationing end as soon as the war ended?

Find a WWII recipe. Would you like to eat this food? Can you cook a recipe for your family to try?

During World War II, lots of families grew some of their own food. Can you grow something that your family could eat?

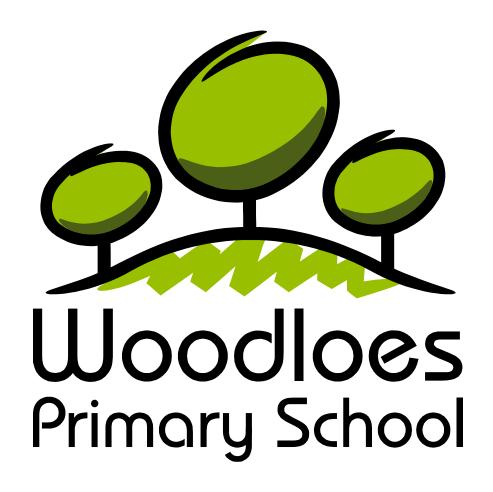
If you have any other ideas of learning linked to World War II, please do this instead!

read a book / create some art / make a model / sew, crochet or knit / learn to play a song

Daily Maths and English Activities



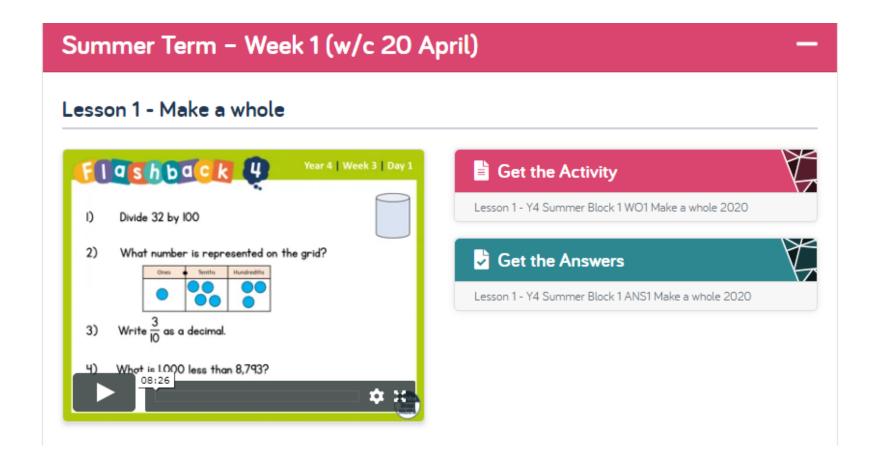
Monday



Maths tasks

You will find your maths tasks including video tutorial and answers on the White Rose maths website here (Summer Term week | Lesson |)

https://whiterosemaths.com/homelearning/year-4/



English task Read the text about Winston Churchill and then answer the questions.

Winston Churchill Fact File

Winston Churchill is one of Great Britain's most famous statesmen and Prime Ministers because he was the British leader twice and he also led Britain to victory in the Second World War.

Earlu Life

He was born Winston Leonard Spencer-Churchill on 30th November 1874 at Blenheim Palace (the seat of his grandfather, the 7th Duke of Marlborough) in Oxfordshire. His father was Lord Randolph, a Conservative politician, and his mother was Jeanette, Lady Randolph Churchill, When he was 13, he only managed to make the lowest class at



Harrow school, so his father put him in the army class to prepare for a career in the armed forces.

Earlu Career

Churchill began his army career as a cadet in 1893 at Sandhurst, after having three attempts to pass the entrance exam. He eventually became a cavalry officer and war reporter, spending his 21st birthday working in Cuba. In 1898, he went to fight in the Sudan but he knew that politics was his first love. He, therefore, spent time following the news from home and doing lots of reading.

Famous Churchill Quotes:

"Success is not final, failure is not fatal: it is the courage to continue that counts."

"Success consists of going from failure to failure without loss of enthusiasm."

"Never in the field of human conflict was so much owed by so many to so

"We shall defend our island, whatever the cost may be, we shall fight on the beaches, we shall fight on the landing grounds, we shall fight in the fields and in the streets, we shall fight in the hills; we shall never surrender."

Into Politics

At the 1900 general election, he became a Member of Parliament (MP) for Oldham. and he made his first speech in Parliament in 1901. He always prepared well and used notes as part of his method to overcome his lisp. Meanwhile, in his private life, he was married to Clementine in 1908 and they went on to have five children.

Rising to the Top

By 1910, Churchill had become Home Secretary and was in charge of the Royal Navy. He then spent a short amount of time as Chancellor of the Exchequer, in charge of the country's taxes and money. The first part of the Second World War in 1939 did not go well for Britain and in 1940, Britain needed a new Prime Minister. That was to be Winston Churchill.

Later Life

Churchill led Britain through the Second World War with his direction and his many famous speeches. However, not long after the war, Britain needed a change and the Conservatives lost power. Churchill kept up with his writing. A second chance to lead the country came round when the Conservatives were re-elected to power and Churchill was Prime Minister once more from 1951 to 1955. Even after that, he continued to be an MP until 1964. In 1965, he died aged 90. He is buried in a small churchyard in Oxford and his headstone reads: 'Remember Winston Churchill'.



Do some research of your own about Winston Churchill

Winston Churchill Questions





Winston Churchill Answers

What was Churchill's career before he went into politics?
 He was in the Army (cavalry officer) or he was a war reporter.

2. What was the name of his wife?

Clementine

Which political party was he part of?

The Conservative party

4. In what year did he officially get a job in politics?

In 1900 when he became an MP.

5. Why has the author used the subheading 'Rising to the Top' for that paragraph?

The paragraph is about progressing (rising) to be prime minister, which is the 'top' job in the country.

6. Find an example of a fronted adverbial in the text.

'Meanwhile', 'In 1898', 'By 1910'

7. In what month was he in Cuba?

November (it was his birthday).

8. In the Famous Churchill Quotes section, what does the word 'conflict' mean?

War/fighting/battle

9. What does the word 'victory' mean?

Winning/having won

10. Churchill is famous for his quotes; what do you think about the ones here? Have any of them made you think, and why? Which do you like best?

Open ended, good for class or group discussion

Tuesday

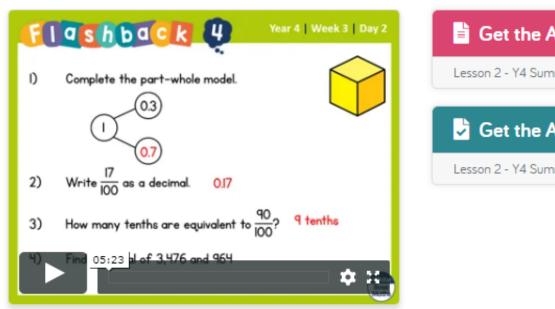


Maths tasks

You will find your maths tasks including video tutorial and answers on the White Rose maths website here (Summer Term week 1 Lesson 2)

https://whiterosemaths.com/homelearning/year-4/

Lesson 2 - Write decimals





English task - Evacuee Suitcase

Watch this video about evacuated children duing the war

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0SYDBJAwYCI





During World War II, many people were evacuated from the cities to the countryside where it was believed they would be safer from bombing. In total, over 3.5 million children were evacuated.

Have a think about what you would bring with you if you had to evacuate during the war, remember you only have one small suitcase! You could draw a picture of what you would bring to help with the task on the next page.

English Task – What would you pack?

- Here is a list of things children were recommended to pack when they were being evacuated.
- Can you write a list of the items you would pack in your suitcase if you were being evacuated in the 1940s?
- Remember you wouldn't have any electronic toys at that time.
- Write a sentence describing why you would bring each item that you would pack in your suitcase...

Think of some adjectives to describe your suitcase items

Government recommended list of items for children to pack when evacuated:

Every Child

- Gas mask
- Identity card
- Packed lunch
- · Overcoat or mackintosh
- Comb
- Toothbrush
- Soap

- Towel
- Facecloth
- 6 handkerchiefs
- Wellington boots
- Boots or shoes
- Plimsolls





Children were given identification labels like the one this girl is wearing.

Boys:

- Pair of trousers
- Pullover or jersey
- Shirt
- 2 vests
- 2 pairs of pants
- 2 pairs of socks



Girls:

- Skirt
- Blouse
- 2 pairs of knickers
- 2 pairs of stockings
- · Slip (under-skirt)
- Vest
- Petticoat
- Cardigan

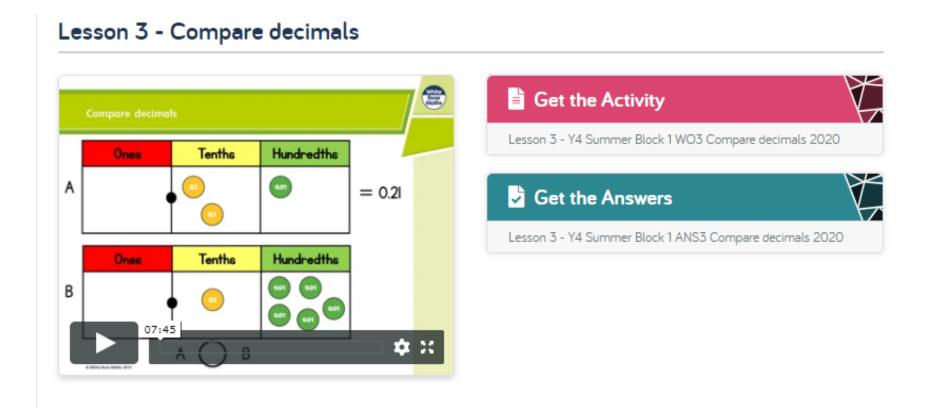
People had to carry their gas mask at all times and could be fined if caught without it. Wednesday



Maths tasks

You will find your maths tasks including video tutorial and answers on the White Rose maths website here (Summer Term week 1 Lesson 3)

https://whiterosemaths.com/homelearning/year-4/



English task - Writing Sentences with Fronted Adverbials

Watch this short video about the daily activities of a child evacuee. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HFBlvWkNEKU

Imagine you are a child evacuee in World War II, write seven sentences describing what you do every day. Try to start each sentence with a fronted adverbial eg. <u>After breakfast</u>, I go outside and help feed the pigs. There is a list of fronted adverbials on the next page to help you

- You can decide where you live in the countryside and what your day involves.
- Do your host family have other children?
- Do they live on a farm?
- Do they live in a village?
- What kind of games and jobs do you have to do each day?

Challenge expanded noun phrases in your sentences as well.

Fronted Adverbials

Fronted Adverbials are words or phrases at the beginning of a sentence which are used to describe the action that follows.

Frequency	Place	Manner	Possibility		
Often,	Above the clouds,	Sadly,	Almost unbelievably,		
Again,	Below the sea,	Slowly,	Much admired,		
Daily,	Here,	Happily,	Nearly asleep,		
Weekly,	Outside,	Awkwardly,	Quite understandably,		
Fortnightly,	Over there,	Bravely,	Really happily,		
Yearly,	There,	Like a ,	Perhaps,		
Sometimes,	Under the ground,	As quick as a flash,	Maybe,		
Rarely,	Upstairs,	As fast as he could,	Just arrived,		
Every second,	In the distance,	Without a sound,	Certainly amused,		
Twice a year,	Between the sea and the sky,	Without warning,	Obviously angry,		
Once a minute,	Everywhere she looked,	Unexpectedly,	Definitely confused,		
Once,	Around the tent,	Unfortunately,	Completely exhausted,		
Once or twice,	Back at the house,	Suddenly,	Barely alive,		
Three times,	Nearby,	Mysteriously,	Out of breath,		
Constantly,	Down by the cliffs,	Frantically,	Decidedly unimpressed,		
Regularly,	Behind the shed,	Anxiously,	Perfectly confident,		
Frequently,	In the wooden box,	Courageously,	Positively trembling with		
Infrequently,	Over my bed,	Silently,	excitement,		
Occasionally,	Somewhere near here,	Curiously,	Purely practically,		
Rarely,	Far away,	Nervously,	Somewhat flustered,		
Never in my life,	Wherever they went,	Rapidly,	Utterly joyous,		
Never before,	North of here,	Carefully,	Totally overwhelmed,		
	Often, Again, Daily, Weekly, Fortnightly, Yearly, Sometimes, Rarely, Every second, Twice a year, Once a minute, Once, Once or twice, Three times, Constantly, Regularly, Frequently, Infrequently, Occasionally, Rarely, Never in my life,	Often, Again, Daily, Weekly, Fortnightly, Yearly, Sometimes, Every second, Twice a year, Once, Once, Three times, Constantly, Regularly, Frequently, Infrequently, Occasionally, Rarely, Rarely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Regularly, Regularly, Reguently, Reguently, Reguently, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rerarely, Resularly, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rerarely, Resularly, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Resularly, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rearely, Rever they went, Wherever they went,	Often, Again, Below the sea, Below the sea, Daily, Weekly, Fortnightly, Yearly, Sometimes, Every second, Twice a year, Once, Once, Around the tent, Once or twice, Three times, Constantly, Regularly, Regularly, Frequently, Frequently, Frequently, Frequently, Frequently, Frequently, Fortnightly, Abelow the sea, Below the sea, Bravely, Awkwardly, Bravely, Like a , As quick as a flash, As fast as he could, Without a sound, Without a sound, Without warning, Unexpectedly, Unexpectedly, Unfortunately, Suddenly, Mysteriously, Frantically, Frantically, Frequently, Frequently, Frequently, Frequently, Occasionally, Somewhere near here, Rarely, Far away, Never in my life, Wherever they went, Rapidly,		

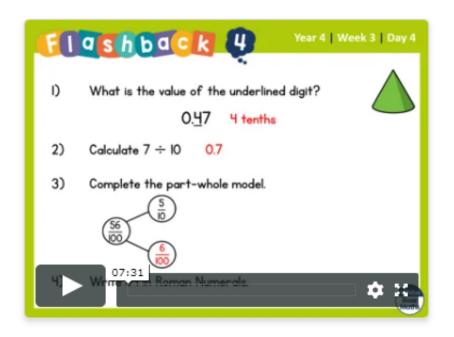
Thursday



Mathe Tasks

You will find your maths tasks including video tutorial and answers on the White Rose maths website here (Summer Term week 1 Lesson 4) https://whiterosemaths.com/homelearning/year-4/

Lesson 4 - Order decimals



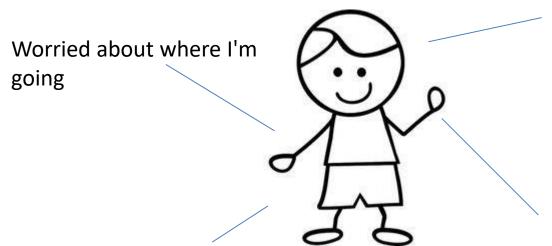




English task



- Think about yourself as a child evacuee, how would you feel?
- Draw a picture of yourself and use arrows to show your feelings and explain why you feel like that.
- Do some more research on child evacuees in WWII to help you



Excited to go on a new adventure

Challenge

Use a thesaurus to find alternative words for your feelings https://www.thesaurus.com/

Friday



Maths tasks

Your maths task today will be set on the maths with parents page. The instructions for how to sign up to our class list are on the virtual learning Year 4 page.

We will be able to monitor who has signed up and completed the tasks when we sign in. This week's task is on column addition.

https://mathswithparents.com/KWeb?startTime=1587217 176305

If you cannot access maths with parents, there are some alternative maths problems on the next page.

Maths with Parents

Friday Alternative Maths Task

Match It

- 1. Match the decimal numbers to the equivalent fractions.
 - 0.2
 - 0.8
 - 0.3
 - 0.9
 - 0.22
 - 0.08
 - 0.33
 - 0.09

- 30
- 8
- 22 100
- 2 10
- 33
- 9
- 8 10
- 100
- Complete the equivalent pairs of fractions and decimals.
 - 7/10
 - 0.01 100
 - 86
- 40 100
- 0.5 10
- 0.07 100
- 0.6 100
- 54

Converting Fractions to Decimals

Convert the following fractions to their equivalent decimals. The first one has been done for you.

- 1. $\frac{8}{100}$ = 0.08
- 2. 40 =
- 3. 29 =
- 4. 45 =
- 5. \(\frac{20}{100}\) = _____
- 6. 7 = ____
- 7. 99 = _____
- 8. 33 =
- 9. $\frac{50}{100}$ = _____
- 10. 70 = _____
- 11. 24 =
- 12. 48 =
- 13. $\frac{9}{100}$ = _____
- 14. $\frac{65}{100}$ = _____
- 15. $\frac{22}{100}$ = _____
- 16. $\frac{69}{100}$ = _____

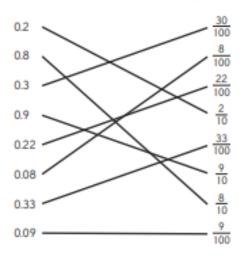
- 17. 76/100 = _____
- 18. $\frac{82}{100}$ = _____
- 19. 25 =
- 20. $\frac{65}{100}$ = _____
- 21. 39 = _____
- 22. 17 = _____
- 23. 19 = _____
- 24. 27 = _____
- 25. 22 = _____
- Challenge:
- 26. 42 = ____
- 27. 10 = _____
- 28. 4/25 = _____
- 29. $\frac{39}{50}$ = _____
- 30. $\frac{7}{100}$ = _____

Match It Answers

Converting Fractions to Decimals Answers

Convert the following fractions to their equivalent decimals. The first one has been done for you.

Match the decimal numbers to the equivalent fractions.



2. Complete the equivalent pairs of fractions and decimals.

$$0.7 - \frac{7}{10}$$

$$0.01 = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$0.86 - \frac{86}{100}$$

$$0.4 - \frac{40}{10}$$

$$0.07 - \frac{7}{100}$$

$$0.54 - \frac{54}{100}$$

1.
$$\frac{8}{100} = 0.08$$

2.
$$\frac{40}{100} = 0.4$$

3.
$$\frac{29}{100} = 0.29$$

4.
$$\frac{45}{100} = 0.45$$

5.
$$\frac{20}{100} = 0.2$$

6.
$$\frac{7}{100} = 0.07$$

7.
$$\frac{99}{100} = 0.99$$

8.
$$\frac{33}{100} = 0.33$$

9.
$$\frac{50}{100} = 0.5$$

10.
$$\frac{70}{100} = 0.7$$

11.
$$\frac{24}{100} = 0.24$$

12.
$$\frac{48}{100} = 0.48$$

13.
$$\frac{9}{100} = 0.09$$

14.
$$\frac{65}{100} = 0.65$$

15.
$$\frac{22}{100} = 0.22$$

16.
$$\frac{69}{100} = 0.69$$

17.
$$\frac{76}{100} = 0.76$$

18.
$$\frac{82}{100}$$
 = 0.82

19.
$$\frac{25}{100}$$
 = 0.25

20.
$$\frac{65}{100}$$
 = 0.65

21.
$$\frac{39}{100} = 0.39$$

22.
$$\frac{17}{100}$$
 = 0.17

23.
$$\frac{19}{100}$$
 = 0.19

24.
$$\frac{27}{100} = 0.27$$

25.
$$\frac{22}{100}$$
 = 0.22

Challenge

$$26. \frac{84}{100} = 0.84$$

27.
$$\frac{50}{100}$$
 = 0.5

28.
$$\frac{16}{100}$$
 = 0.16

29.
$$\frac{78}{100} = 0.78$$

30.
$$\frac{70}{100} = 0.7$$

English task - Diary Entry

You are a child evacuee during WWII.

Use your work from the last three days to help you write your diary when you are evacuated.

You need to include:

- ✓ Description of your new family and where you live
- ✓ What you do each day
- ✓ How you feel about being an evacuee

You can make up the names of the family you are staying with, what they do and where they live.

Remember to start with Dear Diary and sign off at the end, you can make up the date

as well.

Check you have included all the details in your writing.
Read over your work checking your spellings, grammar and punctuation. Is there anything you could improve?