

2.3.22

WALT Use the Formal Written Method of
Multiplication

F

R

PS

Vocabulary

multiply multiplication

2-digit numbers H T O

hundreds tens ones

place value representation

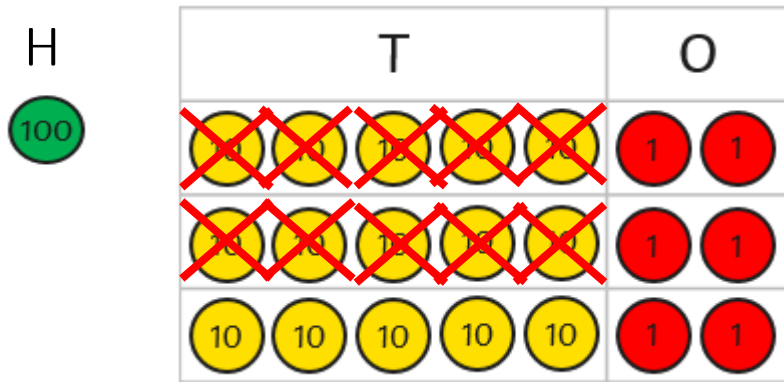
equal groups of partition

formal written method

1 digit in 1 square carried digit

regroup exchange

Using the Formal Written Method for 2-digit by 1-digit Multiplication



$$52 \times 3$$

		Formal Written Method						
		5	2	\times	3	=		
		5	2					
		\times		3				
		<u>1</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>				

2. Multiply by the TENS column

$$3 \times 5 \text{ TENS} = 15 \text{ TENS} = 1 \text{ HUNDRED and } 5 \text{ TENS}$$

10 TENS are exchanged for 1 HUNDRED

Using the Formal Written Method for 2-digit by 1-digit Multiplication

T	O										
10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

10

$$38 \times 2$$

1. Multiply by the ONES column

$$2 \times 8 = 16 = 1 \text{ TEN and } 6 \text{ ONES}$$

10 ONES are exchanged for 1 TEN

Formal Written Method						
		3	8	\times	2	=
		3	8			
		\times		2		
				6		
				1		

The extra 1 TEN is carried below the answer line in the TENS column.

Using the Formal Written Method for 2-digit by 1-digit Multiplication

T	O
10 10 10	10 10 10 10 10 1 1 1
10 10 10	10 10 10 10 10 1 1 1

10

$$38 \times 2$$

2. Multiply by the TENS column

$$2 \times 3 \text{ TENS} = 6 \text{ TENS}$$

Formal Written Method						
		3	8	\times	2	=
		3	8			
		\times	2			
		<hr/>				
			6			
		<hr/>				
		1				

Don't write the 6 TENS yet!

Using the Formal Written Method for 2-digit by 1-digit Multiplication

T	O
10 10 10	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
10 10 10	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

10

$$38 \times 2$$

$$2 \times 3 \text{ TENS} = 6 \text{ TENS}$$

3. Add the carried digit to the TENS column

$$6 \text{ TENS} + 1 \text{ TEN} = 7 \text{ TENS}$$

Formal Written Method						
		3	8	×	2	=
		3	8			
		×		2		
			7	6		
			1			

You can cross out the carried 1 when you've added it.

Fluency

1. What multiplication does this place value chart represent? Use the chart to help you calculate the answer.

T		O					
10	10	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	10	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	10	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	10	1	1	1	1	1	1

$$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

Now, set this calculation out using the formal written method:

		2	7	\times	4	=				
			2	7						
		\times		4						

2. Complete the blank place value chart to represent this calculation and calculate the answer.

$$43 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$$

T	O

Now, set the calculation out using the formal written method:

		4	3	\times	3	=			
		\times							

3.		1	9	×	6	-		
		×						

5.		7	1	×	7	-		
		×						

4.		6	2	×	4	-		
		×						

Set these questions out in your book, using the formal written method.

6. $17 \times 5 =$

7. $34 \times 6 =$

8. $28 \times 3 =$

Reasoning 1

Ron tries two different ways to work out 24×4 .



		2	4
x			4

H	T	O
	10 10	1 1 1 1
	10 10	1 1 1 1
	10 10	1 1 1 1
	10 10	1 1 1 1
	10 10	1 1 1 1

Which layout is correct? Explain your reasoning.

Complete the correct layout to find the answer to Ron's question.

Reasoning 2

Dexter is thinking about the formal written method of multiplication.



When I use the formal written method of multiplication, I multiply the single digit number by the TENS digit first.

Do you agree with Dexter? Explain your reasoning.

Problem Solving

Always, sometimes or never?

- When I multiply a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number, the answer has 3 digits.
- When I multiply a 2-digit number by 8, the answer is odd.
- When I multiply a 2-digit number by 7, I need to regroup and exchange.

Write down two different calculations using the formal written method to support each of your answers.

